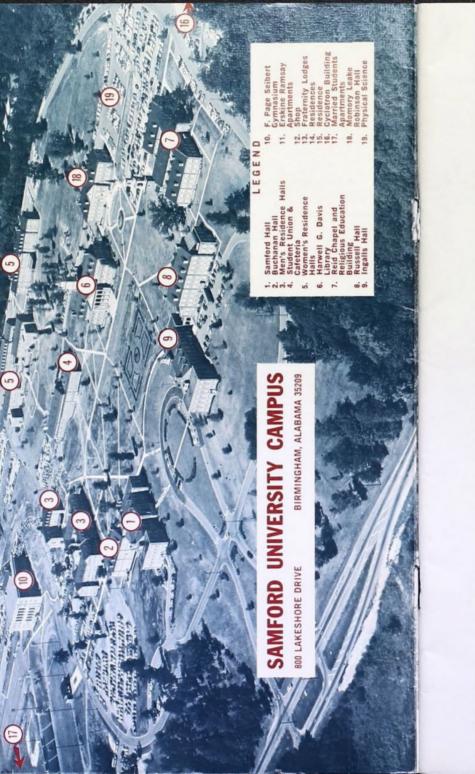


SAMFORD UNIVERSITY
BULLETIN 1967-1968
CUMBERLAND SCHOOL OF LAW ISSUE



## CATALOG

of

# Cumberland School of Law

of

# Samford University

formerly Howard College



## BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

CATALOG 1966-1967

Announcements 1967-1968

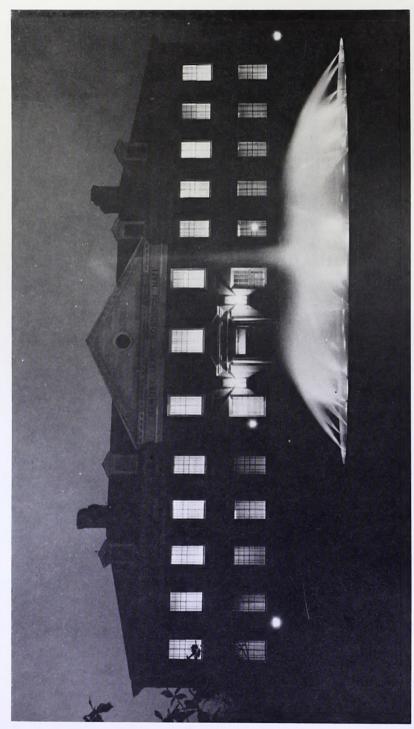
## SAMFORD UNIVERSITY BULLETIN

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## LAW SCHOOL CALENDAR

#### 1967

SUMMER SESSION—June 2-August 2, 1967

Registration June 2

August 19 (Saturday) 10:00 a.m. Summer Graduation Exercises

RECESS August 3-September 7 (Inclusive)

FIRST SEMESTER—September 11, 1967-January 19, 1968

September 8-9 (Friday-Saturday)—Orientation for New Students

September 7-8-9 (Thursday, Friday, Saturday)—Faculty Pre-Session Institute

September 11-12 (Monday, Tuesday)—Registration

September 13 (Wednesday)—Classes Begin

September 24 (Friday)—Last date for Change of Schedule October 20 (Friday)—Last date for Dropping a Course without Academic Penalty

November 11 (Saturday)—Homecoming

November 23-26 (Inclusive)—Thanksgiving Recess

December 18 (Friday)—Last date for Dropping a Class

December 20-January 2 (Inclusive)—Christmas Recess

#### 1968

January 3 (Wednesday) 8:00 a.m.—Classes resume January 11-18 (Thursday-Thursday)—Final Examinations

SECOND SEMESTER—January 22-May 25, 1968

January 22-23 (Monday, Tuesday)—Registration

January 24 (Wednesday)—Classes begin

February 2 (Friday)—Last date for change of schedule

February 12-16—Christian Emphasis Week

March I (Friday)—Last date for dropping courses without Academic Penalty

March 23-March 30-Spring Recess

April 14—Easter

April 26-27 (Friday-Saturday)—Law Day

May 3 (Friday)—Last day for Dropping a Class

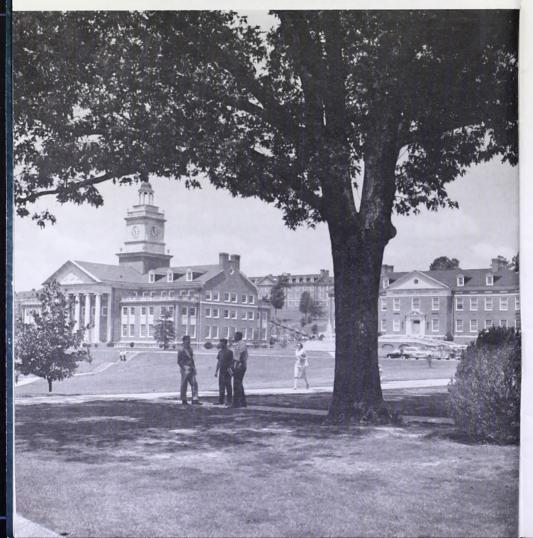
May 16-23 (Thursday-Wednesday)—Final Examinations

May 24 (Friday)—Candlelight Dinner

May 25 (Saturday)—
10:00 a.m.—Baccalaureate Exercises
3:00-5:00 p.m.—President's Reception for Seniors and
their Families
7:30 p.m.—Graduation Exercises

RECESS-May 26

## SAMFORD UNIVERSITY CAMPUS



## CUMBERLAND SCHOOL OF LAW

## ACCREDITATION

The School of Law is fully approved by all national and state accrediting agencies. It is a member of the Association of American Law Schools and is fully approved by the American Bar Association through its Section of Legal Education, and is also approved by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York. Because of this approval, a graduate of the School of Law is eligible to take the bar examination in any State in the Union. The School is also approved by the Veterans Administration for the training of veterans.

## AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF LAW SCHOOL

The program of the School of Law seeks to maintain high standards of legal education and thereby to prepare young men and women of intelligence, industry and character for the practice of law, and to provide legal training for those planning to enter business or public service. The aim is to develop the analytical powers of the student, as well as to provide him with a knowledge of legal principles and their historical development, and at the same time to instill in each student a high sense of the ethics of the profession.

The School of Law is an integral part of Samford University and the objectives of the university are the objectives of the Law School within its sphere as applied to its specialty. The School of Law is church related and it seeks to offer a distinctive program emphasizing Christian precepts which are interwoven into our legal principles. The School is determined to teach the significance of law as a genuine part of the culture of the nation and to instill in the student a sense of social responsibility in the context of Christian ethics and the highest traditions of the legal profession. There is a conscious effort to develop all of the technical skills necessary for the lawyer, and to develop proficiency in legal reasoning and competence in legal method.

The School of Law recognizes the strategic importance of the legal profession which has almost exclusive control over the judiciary of our states and our nation and largely dominates the legislative and executive branches of our national and state govern-

ments. Being under the auspices of a conservative denomination which has always stood for the absolute spiritual freedom of the individual, the school emphasizes the American concept of maximum liberty in every phase of life for each individual, consistent with order in society. A Southern Baptist Law School without this emphasis would not be in harmony with its constituency.

It is our aim to expound a philosophy of law to the student which will recognize that all human law is valid and enduring only to the extent that it is in accord, directly or indirectly, with the eternal principles of God, which some refer to as natural law.

## BRIEF HISTORY OF THE SCHOOL OF LAW

The Cumberland School of Law was established in Cumberland University, Lebanon, Tennessee, October 1, 1847, as a result of the action of the Board of Trustees taken on February 22, 1847. When the School of Law opened, the course of study comprised two years of law without any definite pre-legal requirements. In 1871 the course of study was reduced to one year; this plan was continued until 1935, with major emphasis on the textbook plan of study. On July 10, 1946, the two-year plan was officially closed. Beginning in September, 1946, the requirements of the School of Law were established as follows: (1) two years of pre-legal college work with a minimum of 96 quarter hours; (2) three years of full-time study of law. In September, 1952, the pre-legal college work requirement was increased to three years. (3) In September, 1965, the pre-legal college work requirements was raised to a baccalaureate degree.

The School of Law, as it is now constituted, requires a baccalaureate degree before entrance or within twelve months thereafter. Three academic years or the equivalent of six semesters is required in the full-time program and four academic years or the equivalent of eight semesters is required in the Extended (Evening) Division. The satisfactory completion of this work entitles the student to the Juris Doctor Degree.

In February, 1949, provisional approval was given the Cumberland School of Law of Cumberland University by the American Bar Association. Full approval was granted by the American Bar Association in September of 1952. In November of 1952 the School was registered by the Board of Regents of the State of New York. In December of 1952 the school was granted membership in the Asso-

ciation of American Law Schools. This gained for the School of Law every recognition possible for an American law school.

The Cumberland School of Law became a part of Samford University, then Howard College, in Birmingham, Alabama, on June 27, 1961.

#### ALUMNI

Since 1847, the School of Law has awarded over 8,100 Bachelor of Laws degrees and 83 Juris Doctor degrees. Alumni are to be found in all fifty states of the nation, the District of Columbia, the Philippines, the Canal Zone, and Puerto Rico. Graduates of the Cumberland School of Law have also come from such foreign countries as Canada, Cuba, Egypt, Japan, Korea, Mexico, and Pakistan. Many of them now occupy distinguished positions of high responsibility in education, government, and business. Thus the Cumberland School of Law of Samford University is one of the very few truly national law schools in the South.

Among its more than 8,100 alumni, over 4,000 of whom are now living, the School of Law has produced ten governors, two United States Supreme Court justices, a Secretary of State of the United States, ten United States senators, seventy-five United States representatives, numerous supreme court justices of the various states, federal district and appellate judges, state appellate judges, state attorneys general, lieutenant governors, United States and state district attorneys, diplomatic officials, college presidents, law professors, distinguished legal writers and scholars, administrative officials of the United States and state governments. Also, a large number of outstanding practioners, corporate heads, circuit judges, chancellors, members of state legislatures, county judges, and other county and municipal officials received their legal training at the Cumberland School of Law.

Through the years, the Cumberland School of Law has been regularly staffed with many brilliant legal scholars—distinguished men like Abraham Caruthers, author of Caruthers' History of Lawsuit; Dr. Andrew C. Martin; Nathan Green, Sr.; Nathan Green, Jr.; Grafton Green; A. B. Neil; Sam B. Gilreath, revisor of History of a Lawsuit and editorial consultant for the new Tennessee Code, and many other outstanding leaders of the profession. The current faculty is the largest and strongest in the school's long history.

#### LOCATION

Samford's new four-hundred-acre campus of Colonial-Georgian architecture is one of the most beautiful in the entire nation. Located in the picturesque mountainous area of Shades Valley, the college has unlimited possibilities for continued growth and development.

Birmingham, Alabama's largest city, is the state's industrial, business, and cultural center. Fine facilities are available for recreational pursuits.

The university, easily reached by an excellent system of railways, air lines and highways, is one of the state's leading tourist attractions.

The home of the School of Law is the dignified and imposing Memory Leake Robinson Hall in the center of the campus, just to the East of the main library.

## SAMFORD UNIVERSITY



## SAMFORD UNIVERSITY

Samford University was founded by Baptist preachers and planters as Howard College at Marion, Alabama, in 1842. These founders were dominated by an ardent and enduring conception of service. The culture and the religious views of the founders derived largely from the eastern seaboard and from New England. The first president of the college, Samuel Sterling Sherman, was a graduate of Middlebury College. The college in its beginnings was small, but in 1848 it graduated its first class—seven men. Twice before 1860 the college was rebuilt larger after destructive fires. It survived the partial paralysis of the Civil War and Reconstruction. Notable men made up the small faculty in those years and notable leaders came from their instruction.

The institution, as Howard College, was moved from Marion to Birmingham in 1887. Renfroe Hall was built in 1903 and Montague Hall in 1906. By 1912 there was again a nucleus of endowment to replace an earlier fund swept away by war. The institution which was a military school for half a century after the Civil War, abandoned all military features in 1913 and in the same year opened its doors to women.

In 1915 the institution offered its first summer session. In 1920 an extension service was initiated. The average enrollment of students in regular sessions in classes on the campus went to 600. Campaigns in 1919 and in 1926 raised the total endowment to \$735,000. The A. D. Smith Science Hall was built in 1922 and the gymnasium in 1930. The curriculum in Pharmacy was initiated in 1928. In 1918 the institution, as Howard College, was put on the approved list of the American Association of University Women. In 1920 it was admitted to the Southern Association of Colleges and in 1926 it was put on the approved list of the Association of American Universities. In 1952 the institution was admitted to membership in the American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education and the American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy. In 1954 it was admitted to membership in the National Association of Schools of Music.

In 1947 the trustees of the institution acquired a tract of 400 acres in Shades Valley in the Homewood-Mountain Brook section of Birmingham. The Alabama Baptist State Convention authorized

the building of a new campus on this site, and work was begun in 1954. The institution moved to the new site in the summer of 1957.

In 1961 the renowned and historic Cumberland School of Law was acquired by Howard College. In 1965 the Alabama Baptist State Convention approved a recommendation from the Howard College Board of Trustees that the institution move to University status and be known as Samford University.

#### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of Samford University is to provide the opportunity and the stimulus for each student to secure a broad and academically sound education in a positive Christian environment. The University strives constantly for academic excellence in conscious expression of the Christian faith with its commitment to the primacy of truth, its concern for human values, and the interrelationship of faith and reason.

In fulfilling the declared purpose of its charter, the University endeavors to promote Christianity through the development of Christian character, scholastic attainment and a sense of personal responsibility. To this end, Samford seeks to develop Christian leaders for widely-varied fields of service.

In addition to these objectives, the University seeks to give to the student thorough basic education in his chosen field of specialization or in preparation for graduate study. To this end, it offers degree programs leading to the Bachelor of Arts, the Bachelor of Science, the Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy, the Bachelor of Music, the Bachelor of Science in Business Administration, the Bachelor of Science in Education, the Master of Arts, the Master of Science in Education, the Master of Business Administration, the Bachelor of Laws, and the Juris Doctor. The University offers preprofessional curricula in engineering, forestry, law, medicine, dentistry, medical technology, and nursing.

The Spirit of Samford University has always been finely democratic. Faculty and students make Samford the friendly university.

## ACADEMIC INFORMATION

## REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTRANCE

PRE-LEGAL EDUCATION

Preparation for law study, as well as for later life, is best based on a broad liberal arts background, rather than on a narrowly specialized one. The Cumberland School of Law of Samford University has no set pre-law curriculum requirements for admission. Each person's qualifications will be evaluated individually. Rather than attempting to prescribe the specific content of the individual courses taken by a pre-law student, the Cumberland School of Law places greater emphasis on the student's ability to read and comprehend accurately, thoroughly and rapidly, to speak and write clearly and correctly, to think precisely and logically, to analyze complex fact situations, and to weigh and appraise legal and other materials. It is believed that to accomplish these purposes a student should take as much college work as possible. It is suggested the pre-legal program of study include English composition and literature, economics, history, political science, philosophy, psychology and other subjects in the field of social sciences, as well as courses in the natural sciences, mathematics and accounting. It is believed that the above suggestions will tend to prepare the prospective law student academically and will also help make him aware of the moral and ethical principles inculcated in the Judaic-Christian tradition upon which western civilization is based.

## ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

The Cumberland School of Law selects its students from the following classes of applicants:

- (1) Applicants who present evidence that they are graduates of an accredited college, and
- (2) Applicants who will complete requirements for the baccalaureate degree (A.B. or B.S.) within twelve months after entering law school. This provision is included so that all moral obligations as to combination degrees may be fulfilled by the institution. This provision will not apply after September, 1967.
- (3) A \$25.00 application deposit must accompany the application for admission. The deposit will be applied as payment on the

fees for the first semester in residence. The deposit will be refunded if the applicant is rejected. If the application is cancelled at least 60 days before the beginning of the term for which application is made, one-half will be refunded. If notice of cancellation is not received at least 60 days before the term begins, no refund can be made. An incomplete application does not constitute a rejection. If the deposit is submitted within the 60 day period it is not refundable if the application is cancelled or not completed.

Applicants are selected on the basis of their Law School Admission Test scores, the quality of their college work, and their general fitness for the study of law. Women are admitted on equal terms with men.

## LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION TEST

All applicants for admission as beginning law students must take the Law School Admission Test. Any applicant failing to take the test or failing to obtain a postponement prior to registration is ineligible to register for work in the Cumberland School of Law. The grade received on the test will be considered in determining whether or not the applicant shall be admitted to the School of Law and/or continued in the School of Law.

Information regarding the test may be secured from the office of the Law School at Samford University or from the Educational Testing Service, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

The Law School Admission Test is given on the Samford University campus four times each calendar year. The dates for the tests are set for November, February, April, and August. Applications for this test should be made well in advance of the day the test is given.

### ADVANCED STANDING

Applicants who have met the admission requirements and who have also earned credits in another law school approved by the American Bar Association may be given advanced standing. Such applicants should request the registrar of each law school attended to send directly to the Office of the Dean of the Cumberland School of Law at Samford University, transcripts of their complete records, together with honorable dismissals from the school(s) last attended. An evaluation of these records will be made available to the Committee on Admissions and Advanced Standing, and credit may be allowed. If full credit is allowed, the work must equal in

amount and character that required by the Cumberland School of Law. Provisional credit is first given; this becomes permanent at the end of the first year of residence if all work in the Cumberland School of Law has been satisfactory. The Cumberland School of Law reserves the right to reduce credit, or to refuse credit, if conditions so warrant. Credit for extension work, including that taken by correspondence, is not accepted. No student shall be admitted to advanced standing who has failed the bar examination of any state as many as three times. No student will be considered for admission if he is ineligible to return to the school last attended.

To be eligible for the degree of Juris Doctor, a transfer student must have completed one full academic year of residence in the Cumberland School of Law, including the year immediately preceding the granting of such degree and the last twenty-six semester hours of credit. He must also maintain a satisfactory grade average on work taken at Cumberland. No transfer student will be accepted to the Senior Class who is not in the top 25 percent of his class at the law school last attended.

#### SPECIAL STUDENTS

A special student is defined as a person who cannot satisfy the entrance requirements established for candidates for the law degree, but who gives evidence of ability to profit by the study of law, and who has reached some maturity, not being less than 23 years of age. Under exceptional circumstances, an approved school may admit some of these students, as a matter of discretion, but usually will not confer a degree upon such a student. At this time, the Cumberland School of Law will not consider a special student for admission. However, a person may be accepted, as a "Cumberland Special" if he meets the minimum American Bar Association standard of 96 semester hours but does not have a baccalaureate degree. A "Cumberland Special" student will receive a Bachelor of Laws degree instead of the Juris Doctor.

## INDIVIDUAL COURSES AND AUDITING

Enrollment for individual courses is permitted with special permission. To receive academic credit, the applicant must meet the regular requirements for admission. A member of the Bar who does not seek academic credit may enroll for a course without meeting other admission requirements. He may take the examination or not, at his option.

## COMBINATION ARTS-LAW DEGREE

In a number of colleges and universities a student who has completed three years of work towards the A.B. or equivalent degree will be allowed to spend a year of law study elsewhere and count such year of law credit as the final year of work for the literary degree. Students interested in this combination should consult their own college officials as to its possibility. Combination degree candidates will be accepted at the Cumberland School of Law through the fall semester of 1967.

This program has been discontinued but all students who entered Samford University under this program may enter the Cumberland School of Law through September, 1967 registration.

The combined degree program has been discontinued at the University and the law school will require a baccalaureate degree without exceptions beginning January, 1968. Any baccalaureate degree will be sufficient to meet this requirement.

## REGULAR AND EXTENDED PROGRAM

Two programs of study are available, the regular and the extended (evening) programs, both having the same content, however. A student following the regular program will attend classes during the day, will carry from twelve to fifteen hours each semester, and may arrange his schedule so as to graduate at the end of his third academic year, though not before. A student following the extended program will attend classes in the evening and on Saturday morning, presently will carry no more than ten hours each semester, and may expect to study for at least four years before his graduation. A student in the regular program might attend class at any time during the day, and should not attempt to perform any substantial outside employment. A student employed more than twenty hours per week cannot follow or remain in the regular program. Any student in the regular program may be required to give evidence of his outside employment.

The academic year consists of the fall and spring semesters. The School offers work also in an eight-week summer session.

## TIME OF ENTRANCE

Beginning students are regularly admitted in the fall and spring semesters and for the summer term. Beginning students desiring to enter other than in September should consult with the Dean. Students who transfer from other law schools with the necessary prerequisites may enter the School of Law at the beginning of any semester.

## REGISTRATION WITH THE STATE BAR COMMISSION

The State Bar Commission of Alabama requires that every person entering a law school with the intention of thereafter applying to the Alabama Bar must file a written notice of his or her intention to begin the study of law and thereafter apply for admission to the Alabama Bar with the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners of the Alabama State Bar.

Students who expect to practice law in states other than Alabama should investigate possible similar requirements in such states or should consult with the Dean of the Cumberland School of Law before registering.

The application forms used for registration with the State Bar Commission together with forms used for character affadavits and a sheet of instructions may be obtained from the Dean of the Cumberland School of Law or by writing directly to Judge John B. Scott, Secretary, Alabama State Bar, P. O. Box 2106, Montgomery, Alabama. Forms used for Tennessee registration may be obtained directly from the Dean of the Cumberland School of Law. Forms for Florida must now be obtained directly from James B. Tippin, Executive Director, Florida Board of Bar Examiners, Supreme Court Building, Tallahassee, Florida.

## LATE ENROLLMENT, CHANGES OF SCHEDULES

- 1. No student shall be permitted to enroll in any course later than six days after classes in that course have begun.
- 2. All changes in schedules shall be adjusted during the first ten days of classes, and must be recorded in the Office of the Dean of the Cumberland School of Law by the student concerned.

#### DROPS

1. If a student who is doing satisfactory work drops a course the first eight weeks, or its equivalent, "WP" (withdrew passing) will be entered on his record. This carries no academic penalty.

- 2. If a student who is doing unsatisfactory work in a course drops it the first eight weeks or its equivalent, "WF" (withdrew failing) will be entered on his record and will carry a penalty as if it were an outright "F."
- 3. No voluntary withdrawals are permitted after the first eight weeks of a semester, or its equivalent.
- 4. If a student drops out of school or drops a course without notifying the Dean in writing, "XF," will be entered on his record with the same penalty as "F."
- 5. The date of the course drop will be the date the official drop card properly signed by the appropriate officials is returned to the office of the Dean.

## WOMEN STUDENTS

Samford University is a co-educational institution, and women students are welcome in the School of Law.

## EXAMINATIONS

Written examinations are conducted in each course at the end of every semester. A student must receive a grade of D or above in order to obtain credit. Regular attendance and satisfactory recitation in class are factors bearing upon the students eligibility to take examinations. Permission to be absent from or to make up a final examination must always be obtained from the Dean.

## METHOD OF INSTRUCTION

The case method of instruction, now employed in all leading American Law Schools, is followed in the Law School. The case books used in the various courses contain carefully organized selections of authoritative and significant opinions of the various courts of the United States and other countries which reveal the law in action and the reasons for its rules. The case method of instruction is supplemented by exercises in drafting various types of legal documents, by individual creative work in a number of the courses, and by Moot Court in which the student becomes acquainted with the more practical aspects of the practice of law. A comparatively small enrollment makes possible individual instruction not practicable in the larger schools.

Students are required to study and brief all assigned cases in each of the courses and to recite in class. Written final examina-

tions are required in all courses at the end of each semester, except such courses as are not reasonably susceptible thereto.

The laws peculiar to Alabama are noted, but, since approximately forty percent of the students come from other states, the curriculum is designed to be sufficiently broad to prepare students for practice in all states.

MOOT COURT. Two hours of Moot Court are required for graduation since it is felt that this practical supplement to the regular classroom work is invaluable. Under the direction of members of the faculty, students are given special training in the preparation of cases for trial and in the presentation of cases before a trial court consisting of judge and jury, and the briefing and argument of a case before an appellate court.

Course of Study. The course requires a period of three academic years or 6 semesters of study for the full-time students. By attending continuously during the regular school year and the summer sessions it is possible to complete the work required for the degree in twenty-seven months. Eight semesters or four academic years are required for the extended (evening) division.

Unit of Credit. The semester hour is the unit of credit. A semester hour represents a fifty-minute period of acceptable class work each week for a period of approximately eighteen weeks.

NORMAL CREDIT LOAD. The normal academic load for a student in good standing is thirteen to fifteen hours each semester. The maximum load that can be undertaken without the explicit permission of the Dean is fifteen hours. At least ten hours must be taken before a student can be classified as full-time. The normal load in the extended (evening) division is eight to eleven hours.

EXTRA COURSES. As a general rule no student should attempt to carry more than the normal credit load of fourteen hours. Certain strong students may be allowed, however, to take extra course work. A student becomes eligible to take extra courses for credit only when he has established a quality-point ratio of 2.00 and gained the consent of the Dean. Under no circumstances will a student be allowed to take more than sixteen hours. In no circumstances will an evening student be allowed to take more than twelve hours.

## GRADES AND REPORTS

THE GRADING SYSTEM. Students are graded in their academic achievements according to a system of letter grades. The various letters used in grading and their meanings are listed below.

- A—denotes work of finest quality and is earned by a very small percentage of a class.
- B-denotes superior work of better than average quality.
- C—denotes good work of medium or average quality. Since C is the average grade, it is usually the most frequently assigned of any of the grades.
- D—denotes poor work that is definitely inferior to average quality.
- F—denotes failure. F indicates that the student's work is not equal to the minimum standard of achievement expected. This is a permanent grade, and the student must repeat the course if he should desire credit in the subject.
- I—denotes incompleteness. This is a temporary grade which must be replaced by a permanent one within one semester's time. If the student does not complete the work within the proper time, the I will be changed to F.
- WP—indicates that the student has been permitted to withdraw from the course without discredit. WP will be given in any course which the student drops prior to the end of the eighth week of the semester while doing passing work. No voluntary withdrawals are permitted thereafter.
- WF—indicates that the student's work was not of passing quality at the time of his withdrawal. This grade is permanent.

The grades A, B, C, D, and F are assigned by the instructors, and they are permanent grades. Once they have been placed on the official record sheet, the instructors cannot change them. The numerical equivalents are:

A-90-100	D-55-64
B-80-89	F— 0-54
C-65-79	

In order to provide a more narrow classification and in order to be able to give an accurate class rank, the school of law maintains the student's average by the numerical system.

QUALITY POINTS. The faculty rates students also by the quality of work represented by the grades which have been defined in the

paragraphs preceding. Thus, a term grade of A earns three quality points for each credit hour the course carries; B earns two quality points; C earns one quality point. D and F earn no quality points. To remain in good academic standing a student must maintain at least an average of C.

REPORT OF GRADES. Generally the report of a student's grades for each semester is sent to the student personally. Parents who desire reports of the grades of their son or daughter should write directly to the Dean of the Law School. Usually the grade reports are not ready until two weeks following the close of a semester.

ATTENDANCE IN CLASS. Regularity and punctuality in class attendance are strictly required. No student may take an examination or receive credit in a course if he has been absent in the course in excess of 20 per cent of the class periods. The Dean and the faculty will consider requests for permission to be absent because of emergency conditions. Absence from classes is a factor which may be taken into consideration in determining final grades.

## RULES OF EXCLUSION AND RE-ADMISSION

- 1. A student in the Cumberland School of Law who, in his first semester, fails to obtain a grade average of at least a 0.8 will be placed on probation for one semester thereafter and if he fails to obtain a grade average of at least a "C" in the probation semester he will be dismissed because of poor academic standing. If such student obtains a grade average of at least a "C" in the probation semester, but fails in any subsequent semester to obtain a grade average of at least a "C", he may be dismissed because of poor academic standing.
- 2. A student who in any semester after his first in the Law School fails to obtain at least a grade of "C" in three courses or in courses totaling eight or more semester hours, may be dismissed because of poor academic standing.
- 3. A student who has been dismissed because of poor scholarship, under and of the preceding rules, may apply to the Committee on Exclusion and Re-Admission for re-admission to the Cumberland School of Law. His application must be in writing and state reasons for his belief that he can comply with the academic requirements of the Cumberland School of Law.

#### **EXPENSES**

Basic Costs: For the law student there is one basic charge of \$30.00 per semester hour to cover all tuition and fees. This does not include variable expenses such as laundry, books, supplies, incidentals and special charges such as late registration, change of schedule, etc.

## ROOM RENT IN MEN'S AND WOMEN'S RESIDENCE HALLS

	Men	Women
Double room, bath on hall, per person per semester	\$122.50	\$127.50
(This category constitutes most of the rooms available)		
Double room, connecting bath, per person per semester	127.50	132.50
Double room, private bath, per person per semester	142.00	147.00
Single room, bath on hall, per person per semester	127.50	132.50
For air conditioned rooms additional per person per semester	15.00	15.00

## ROOM RENT IN MEN'S AND WOMEN'S RESIDENCE HALLS

#### SUMMER SESSION

Double room, bath on hall, per person per term	\$45.00
Double room, connecting bath, per person per term	56.25
Double room, private bath, per person per term	63.75
Single room, bath on hall, per person per term	56.25
Air conditioned rooms, additional per person per term	22.50

## Special Fees (Not Included in Tuition)

These fees apply to all classes, day, evening, fall, spring or summer.

Automobile parking and registration, per year\$	5.00
Change of schedule	3.00
Graduation	5.00
Replacement diploma	0.00
Late Registration 1	0.00
Special examinations to make up excused absences.	0.00
Transcript, payable in advance (each copy after the first).	2.00
ransorpe, payable in advance (each copy after the first)	1.00

TERMS OF PAYMENT: The charges for the entire semester are due and payable at registration.

Students who wish to arrange a deferred payment plan are referred to the Birmingham Trust National Bank or any one of several lending and trust agencies which cooperate with the university in this connection. It should be noted that it is the sole responsibility of the student and/or his parents to make deferred payment arrangements in advance of registration. When the student presents his registration book to the Business Office at the beginning of the term, he must be prepared to pay the amount of his invoice in full unless there is already on deposit to his credit a sufficient amount to cover the semester's charges. Students and their parents who wish to investigate the various installment plans available are urged to consult the Business Manager or other personnel in the Business Office as early as possible before the beginning of the term.

CHECKS: The Business Office is authorized to cash checks up to \$30.00 for students whose accounts are in good standing. Checks are also accepted for payments on accounts.

A student who presents a check to Samford University that is not subsequently honored by the bank on which the check is drawn will be charged one dollar if the check is redeemed within five school days after the date appearing on his notification of the check's return. After the five-day deadline, an additional charge of one dollar per day will be made until the check is redeemed. Students presenting checks at registration that are not honored by the bank and which must be collected after the normal registration period will be assessed the late registration fee of \$10.00 in addition to the returned check charges.

REFUNDS: A student registers for the entire semester. In order to be eligible for any reduction in charges or refunds for withdrawal or suspension from university, the student must present an official withdrawal card dated and signed by the Dean of Law. In such cases, the following rules will apply (the first day of registration will be considered the first day of school):

- 1. If a student withdraws or is suspended within two weeks after the beginning of a semester, 80% of all tuition, fees and room rent will be refunded. In no case of withdrawal or suspension of a new student will the charge be less than \$50.00.
- 2. If a student remains in college more than two weeks but less than six weeks, he will be required to pay the college 50% of all tuition, fees and room rent applying to that semester.
- 3. If a student remains in college as much as six weeks of any semester, he will be required to pay all charges for tuition, fees and room rent for the entire semester.

In no case of withdrawal or suspension of a student living in a residence hall will the \$25.00 room deposit be refunded.

No deduction will be allowed for any course dropped after the Saturday of the second week of the term. The date of the drop of a class or of withdrawal from which all claims for deductions and refunds will be referred is the date appearing on the official withdrawal card signed by the Dean of Law and

returned to the Business Office, or the postmark date of a letter requesting withdrawal.

- 5. The summer session refund policy for withdrawal or suspension is as follows:
  - 1. Within the first week-80% of tuition, fees and room rent.
  - 2. After the first week, but before the end of the second week 50% of tuition, fees and room rent.
  - After two weeks no refunds will be made.
     In no case of withdrawal or suspension will the room deposit be refunded.
- 6. For purposes of computing adjustments, the first day of registration will be considered the first day of school.
- 7. For a student who moves from the residence hall during a term but who remains in school, the room rent refund will be computed on the same basis as a withdrawal refund.

# SPECIAL INFORMATION FOR OCCUPANTS OF RESIDENCE HALLS

Residence halls for men and women are maintained by the university. An applicant desiring a room in the residence hall must complete and submit a room reservation request form which is a part of the application for admission. For those students living in the residence hall a room deposit of \$25.00 is required as long as a room is occupied. If the reservation is cancelled at least 60 days before the beginning of the term, \$12.50 of the room deposit will be refunded; if notice of cancellation is not received at least 60 days before the beginning of the term, no refund can be made. If the room is claimed as reserved the reservation fee becomes a security deposit as long as the room is occupied. If the student vacates a room at the end of a term after having given 30 days notice, the entire \$25.00 will be refunded 2 weeks later, provided the room is in good order and keys are returned. The reservation fee of a student not admitted to the college will be refunded in full.

Students are admitted only by the Dean of the School of Law. The wise student will apply early to the Dean for admission and housing. However, the room application will not be dated and processed until the application for admission to the Law School is approved.

Students must furnish their own pillows and linens and such bed cover as they may wish to use. They are asked not to bring curtains. Each occupant must draw a key to his room before entering the residence hall.

Heavy appliances such as irons, electric heaters, television sets, etc., are not to be used in the students' rooms. Provision is made in utility rooms for pressing clothing, and the student is expected to furnish his own iron for use there. Coin-operated laundry machinery is also provided in the utility rooms.

Arrangements are made with a reliable city laundry to collect laundry once a week. Each student is responsible for his laundry bill, payable when the laundry is delivered.

Regulations governing residence hall occupants are established by the administration and the residence hall staff. In general, conduct becoming ladies and gentlemen is all that the regulations require.

Residence halls will be closed during regular university recesses.

The assignment of space in the residence halls will be made in accordance with a parietal agreement between the University and the Housing and Home Finance Agency. This agreement requires that housing space on the campus be assigned in the following priority:

- 1. All rooms in men's and women's residence halls "A", otherwise known as project CH 53.
- 2. All rooms in men's and women's residence halls "B", otherwise known as project CH 8.
  - 3. Any other rooms available for men and women students.

# SPECIAL INFORMATION FOR STUDENTS WISHING TO OPERATE AUTOMOBILES ON THE CAMPUS

Each student wishing to operate an automobile on the campus will be required to pay an "identification fee" when he registers. He will receive an operating permit decal which should be affixed in the approved manner to the driver's side of the back glass (rear view window). The approved procedure for applying the operating permit decal consists of removing the protective paper covering from the face of the decal and applying it firmly in place, face to the glass, on the driver's side of the rear view window. The window where the decal is placed should be clean and dry, and care should be taken to see that no air bubbles are left under the decal.

CAUTION: Failure to register a car and properly display the decal will subject the offender to a \$5 fine.

Permits expire yearly on August 31 and must be renewed by September 25 if the car is to remain on the campus.

Ample room for parking is provided in clearly marked off-the-street parking areas. In the interest of safety and smooth traffic flow, no parking is permitted except in these areas.

A leaflet giving detailed traffic and parking regulations may be secured in the Business Office. Violation of traffic regulations will subject the student to disciplinary action and a fine. Fines not paid within five school days will be doubled.

## CHAPEL ATTENDANCE

Regular Chapel attendance is regarded as a significant measure of a student's desire to participate in the spirit and customs of a university where the rightful place of worship, morality, and idealism in education is recognized. Because of a lack of space on the new campus, each student attends only one of the four regularly scheduled Chapel programs each week.

For each absence from Chapel in excess of three times during any semester, one-half credit hour is added to a student's requirement for graduation; thus, failure to attend Chapel at all during any semester will add seven credit hours to the requirements for graduation. All appeals to the Chapel Committee regarding penalties should be made within three weeks after the end of the semester.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF LAWS (LL.B.) AND JURIS DOCTOR (J.D.)

Students who have completed 84 semester hours of acceptable credit with a minimum quality-point ratio of 1.00 (a quality-point ratio of 1.00 being equivalent to an average grade of C) and who have acquired six semesters of prescribed residence credit in the regular division or eight semesters in the extended division will, upon recommendation of the faculty of the School of Law, be granted the degree of Juris Doctor or Bachelor of Laws. The last 26 semester hours of acceptable credit must have been earned in residence at the Cumberland School of Law of Samford University. Any other work credited towards a law degree at Cumberland must come by transfer of credit from a law school approved by the American Bar Association. The Bachelor of Laws degree will be conferred on candidates who have completed less than the Baccalaureate degree prior to completing requirements for a law degree.

## COURSES OF STUDY

#### SCHOOL OF LAW

(The number which follows the title of each course refers to the credit for the course in semester hours. Courses with asterisks are elective).

#### FIRST YEAR

LAW 102. TORTS I. (3) General principles of tort liability; parties held responsible; remedies for torts; injuries to persons, property and character; negligence; acts at peril; unlawful interference with business.

LAW 103. TORTS II. (3) Continuation of LAW 102.

LAW 106. CONTRACTS I. (3) Elements of contract; parties, considerations, agreement subject matters; formal requirements; the legality of contracts; quasi-contracts; performance or breach; remedies. Pertinent provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code are covered.

LAW 107. CONTRACTS II. (3) Continuation of LAW 106.

LAW 131. PERSONAL PROPERTY. (2) Classification of personal property, chattels real, chattels personal, choses in possession and choses in action; patents, copyrights, trade marks, trade names and trade secrets; transfer by act of the parties, including the law of sales; transfer by operation of law, including accession and statutes of limitation.

LAW 141. AGENCY. (2) Nature and purpose of relation of principal and agent; parties; creation, existence and termination of relationship; ratification of unauthorized acts; scope of authority and manner of executing it; duties and liabilities between principal and agent and as to third persons; actions and damages.

LAW 145. COMMON LAW PLEADING. (2) Establishment and jurisdiction of courts; process, how courts acquire jurisdiction of persons and property; pleading, declarations on contracts and in tort actions, pleas of the general issue and special pleas; trials and judgments; proceedings for the correction of errors. (Absorbed and superseded by Law 146 and Law 147.)

LAW 146. Modified Common Law Pleading I. (2)\* Establishment and jurisdiction of courts; process, how courts acquire jurisdiction of persons and property; pleading, declarations on contracts, pleas of the general issue and special pleas; trials and judgments; proceedings for the correction of errors. History of a Lawsuit is taught by the author.

LAW 147, MODIFIED COMMON LAW PLEADING II. (2) A continuation of LAW 146.

LAW 151. DOMESTIC RELATIONS. (2) Persons under disability, their contracts and torts; marriage and divorce, including validity of interstate divorces; rights and liabilities of husband and wife; property rights under common law and Married Women's Acts; parent and child rights and obligations arising out of the relation; guardian and ward

LAW 161 (a). CRIMINAL LAW. (2) General principles applicable to the common law of crime; offenses against the government; offenses against the person; offenses against a dwelling house; offenses against property and maritime offenses.

LAW 161 (b) CRIMINAL LAW (2) Continuation of Law 161 (a).

LAW 173. REAL PROPERTY. (3) The feudal system; tenures; estates of freehold and less than freehold; construction of limitations in deeds and wills; transfers inter vivos, covenants running with the land; easements and profits; reversionary rights.

LAW 181. LEGAL BIBLIOGRAPHY. (1) The nature of law books and their use; the purpose and use of digests as indexes to state and national reporter systems; the use of satutes and codes; problems in the law are assigned for the practical application of research methods.

LAW 182, LEGAL BIBLIOGRAPHY. (1) Continuation of LAW 181.

#### SECOND YEAR

LAW 201. ALABAMA PLEADING I. (3) This course is concerned with the principles of pleading in actions at law in Alabama. The course is devoted to a study of complaints, demurrers, and pleas in actions at law. (Required of all Alabama students.)

LAW 202. ALABAMA PLEADING II. (2) This course is concerned with the principles of pleading in suits in equity in Alabama. The course is devoted to a study of bills in equity, pleas and answers, and other matters. (Required of all Alabama students.)

LAW 204. TENNESSEE PROCEDURE. (3)\* This course is concerned with the principles of pleading in actions at law in Tennessee. The book used in this course is *History of a Lawsuit* which is accepted in Tennessee as the authoritative work on Tennessee pleading. This course is taught by the author. (Required for all Tennessee students.) (May be taught as Law 146 and 147.)

LAW 206. APPELLATE PROCEDURE. (2) Jurisdiction and practice of and incident to civil and criminal appeals. Drafting of applicable papers required.

LAW 207. EVIDENCE I. (2) Judicial notice; presumptions and burden of proof; admissions, the hearsay-evidence rule, and its exceptions; documentary evidence; the parole evidence rule; expert testimony and expert opinion evidence; circumstantial evidence; real evidence, provinces of court and jury; witnesses; evidence illegally obtained; effect of contracts changing or waiving rules of evidence.

LAW 208. EVIDENCE II. (2) Continuation of LAW 207.

LAW 209. ALABAMA EVIDENCE. (2) Continuation of LAW 207 and 208 with emphasis on the particular Alabama rule of evidence and specific Alabama interpretation and application of general principles in this field.

LAW 220. CODE PLEADING. (2)\* Pleading and practice under new code procedures in the various states.

LAW 221. EQUITY JURISPRUDENCE. (3) Rise and progress of the High Court of Chancery; equitable maxims; trusts; mortgages; assignments; accidents and mistakes; notice; equitable estoppel; conversion and reconversion, specific performance; injunctions; accounts; partnership, creditors and administration suits; jurisdiction over infants, idiots, and lunatics; bill quia timet and for a discovery.

LAW 224. QUASI-CONTRACTS. (2)\* Contracts implied in fact; contracts implied in law; for work and labor; for money had and received; for money paid; forms of action-

LAW 226. SALES. (2)\* Sales; contracts to sell; auctions; cash sales; appropriations; C.O.D., F.O.B., C.I.F.; future goods; individual shares; open price, stoppage in transit; conditional sales; liens; consignments; delivery on approval; fraud and retention of possession; statute of frauds; negotiable bills of lading; bulk sales; warranties; inspection; acceptance; remedies. Pertinent provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code are covered.

LAW 231. NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS AND BANKING. (3) The common law of bills, notes, checks and bonds; the rules governing them under the Uniform Negotiable Instruments Law; the execution of negotiable instruments; formal requirements of negotiable paper; negotiability; transfers; holders in due course; discharge; legal obligations and duties between banks and depositors; effect of special contracts; collections by banks and their liens. Pertenent provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code are covered.

LAW 236. BUSINESS ASSOCIATIONS. (4) The law of partnerships, corporations, joint stock companies, and business related unincorporated associations for profit; partnership property; powers and duties of partners; enforcement of partnership rights; liabilities; creation of private corporation; promotion and stockholders; corporate duties, powers, and liabilities; de facto doctrine; directors, agents and officers; capital and capital stock; subscription; dividends. (Absorbed and Superseded by Law 237 and Law 238.)

LAW 237. CORPORATIONS. (3) This course deals with the formation of corporations and their powers, the duties and liabilities of directors and the rights and powers of stockholders. Promoters' agreements; distribution of corporate powers between shareholders, directors and officers; de facto existence; directors' duties and remedies.

LAW 238. PARTNERSHIPS. (2)\* The legal principles and the problems involved in the conduct of business through the use of agents or partners; the rights of persons so transacting business. Formation and scope of partnership; liabilities of partners to third persons; rights and liabilities between partners, including compensation, fiduciary duties and accounting; liquidation of partnership.

LAW 241. LANDLORD AND TENANT. (2)\* Nature of the relation of landlord and tenant; leases of particular property, residential, business and agricultural; lease conveyance; formal requirements; statute of frauds; rights, duties and liabilities as between landlord and tenant; transfers by assignment and subletting; transfer of reversion; covenants and conditions; rent; renewal, extension and purchase options; termination.

LAW 244. DAMAGES. (2)\* A study of the kinds of damages, nominal, compensatory and punitive; admeasurement of damages in particular actions; speculative remote or contingent damages; aggravation or mitigation of damages; general and special damages.

LAW 261. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS. (2)\* The nature of municipal corporations; their creation and organization; municipal charters; municipal territory; powers of municipal corporations; their governing bodies; municipal officers; contracts, torts, property; records; dissolution.

LAW 271. TRUSTS. (3) A study of the nature, creation and elements of a trust; express and implied trust; rights, duties and liabilities of trustees and beneficiaries; liabilities to third persons; transfers by trustees and by beneficiaries; the doctrine of notice as applied to trusts; administration of trusts, charitable trusts; termination of trusts. (Absorbed and superseded by Administration of Estates, Law 325-6).

LAW 275. SECURITY TRANSACTIONS. (2)\* Obligations of guarantors; contracts of suretyship; liabilities of sureties; interpretation and construction of contract, fraud and duress; discharge or release of sureties; rights and duties of creditors, sureties and principals; contribution and exoneration. Form, substance and elements of the mortgage; transfer of secured interest, priority and marshalling. Pertinent provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code are covered.

LAW 278. CONVEYANCE. (2) A study of the law relating to the creation and transfer of interests in land. Various types of conveyancing inter vivos, their drafting and execution; covenants of title; recording statutes; creation of interests by implication, adverse possession and prescription.

LAW 280. LEGAL HISTORY. (2)\* The history of Anglo-American law from its early beginning in the eleventh century to its present position in the twentieth century. Development of writs; courts and juries, development of legal institutions; reception of the English law in America.

LAW 285. ADMIRALTY. (2)\* Maritime jurisdiction; maritime liens, claims of maritime workers, carriage of goods at sea; particular maritime transactions, including charter parties, salvage, general average and insurance; liability for collision; limited liability.

LAW 291. LEGAL WRITING. (2)\* The preparation of a written article of an assigned or selected subject. This subject is designed to promote independent research and writing.

LAW 292. LEGAL ACCOUNTING. (2) Study analysis of balance sheet, income statement, and accounting concepts and principles that serve as controls over corporate distributions; financial reporting and investor protection; problems in accounting relating to various areas of the law.

#### THIRD YEAR

LAW 301. PRACTICE. (2) • A study of the practical side of the work of lawyers; drafting legal instruments; preparation of pleading; trial briefs and preparation for trial; the trial of the case; praying and perfecting appeals; preparation of briefs in appellate courts; petitions for the writ of certiorari.

LAW 302. PROCEDURE IN FEDERAL COURTS. (3) Limits of federal jurisdiction; the Supreme Court, its appellate and original jurisdiction; the system of federal courts; federal, civil and criminal jurisdiction; removal of cases to federal courts; appellate jurisdiction of the circuit court of appeals; appellate procedure; pleading and procedure under the federal rules.

LAW 304. INSURANCE. (2) The theory of insurance; kinds of insurance, fire, life, accident, and other forms; the insurance contracts; the premium; insurable interest; the risk insured against; rights, duties and liabilities of insurer and insured; representations and warranties; payment of losses, contribution and subrogation; reinsurance; actions on policies.

LAW 307. BANKRUPTCY. (2) Creation of courts of bankruptcy; acts of bankruptcy; voluntary and involuntary bankruptcy; process; pleading, schedules and adjudication; debts dischargeable and those not dischargeable in bankruptcy; appointment of receivers and trustees; granting and revocation of discharges in bankruptcy; administration of the bankrupt's estate. Pertinent provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code are covered.

LAW 321. CONSTITUTIONAL LAW. (2) Preconstitutional development, philosophy and form of constitutions; interpretation and constructions; the amendment of constitutions; the Federal System; distribution of sovereign powers, power of the executive, powers of the legislature and judicial powers; constitutional limitations and guaranties.

LAW 322. CONSTITUTIONAL LAW. (2) Continuation of LAW 321.

LAW 324. WILLS AND ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES. (3) Form and requisite of wills; foreign wills; capacity and power to make wills; fraud and undue influence, restraints on testamentary power; execution and revocation; probate of wills; construction and interpretation; gifts causa mortis; appointment of executors and administrators, their powers and duties; settlement and distribution of decedent's estate. (Absorbed and superseded by Planning and Administration of Estates, Law 325-6).

LAW 325. PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES. (4) Form and requisite of wills; fraud and undue influence; restraints on testamentary power; capacity and power to make wills; execution and revocation; construction and interpretation; the nature, creation and elements of a trust; expressed and implied trusts; rights, duties, and liabilities of trustees and beneficiaries; liabilities of third persons; transfers by trustees and beneficiaries; the doctrine of notice as applied to trusts; administration of estates, their powers and duties; settlement and distribution of decedent's estates with tax problems incident thereto; problems in future interests in real estate.

LAW 326. PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES. (4) A continuation of LAW 325

LAW 331. LEGISLATION. (2) Constitutional requirements; legislative organization and proceedings; interpretation of statutes in relation to the common law and in relation to other statutes; the purpose and subject matter of statutes. Pertinent provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code are covered.

LAW 341. CONFLICT OF LAWS. (3) Problems of procedural and substantive laws concerning the rights of persons and property within the territorial borders of one state or nation by reason of acts done within the territorial borders of another state or nation.

LAW 342. INTERNATIONAL LAW. (3)\* The nature, scope, development and jurisdiction of international law; rules of warfare; treaties; sanctions; world organization.

LAW 344. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW. (3) The powers and jurisdiction of administrative officers, boards, and tribunals; constitutional limitations upon administrative officers, boards and tribunals; practice and procedures before administrative officers, boards and tribunals and constitutional limitations upon such procedure; jurisdiction of the courts to review administrative orders and decisions.

LAW 346. MILITARY LAW. (1)\* Principles of military law; court martial procedures; rules of land warfare.

LAW 361. STATE TAXATION. (2)• The nature, object and purpose of taxation; subject to taxation; situs of property for purposes of taxation; exemptions; particular types of taxation; levy and assessment; constitutional limitations; tax liens; collection of taxes, tax sales and titles.

LAW 362. FEDERAL ESTATE AND GIFT TAX. (2) Origin and economic basis of Federal estate and gift tax; jurisdiction to tax; estate tax problems; gift tax problems.

LAW 363. FEDERAL INCOME TAX. (4) Origin and economic basis of Federal income tax; jurisdiction to tax; taxable income; exceptions and deductions; capital gains; basis and adjusted basis; income tax problems.

LAW 367. LABOR LAW AND LABOR STANDARDS. (3) Legal problems incident

to collective bargaining by employees at common-law and under modern federal and state legislation; Taft-Hartley Act; closed shop; union shop; picketing; the strike. Rights of labor and rights of management. Common law rights of employees and rights under modern federal and state legislation.

LAW 368. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS. (2)\* A study of benefits arising from the employment relation; workmen's compensation, unemployment insurance, social security.

LAW 371. OIL AND GAS. (2) A study of the law, statutes, and regulations relating to the production, processing, and transportation of oil and gas.

LAW 373. TRADE REGULATIONS. (2) • Antitrust policy under Sherman, Clayton and Federal Trade Commission Acts; restraints of trade and monopoly; price fixing; trade association activities; market divisions; resale price maintenance; delivered price systems; patents and patent procedure. A study of the legal, economic and social principles underlying government regulation of private business; common law doctrine as well as statutory regulations are considered.

LAW 379. PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE. (1)\* Principles of law specifically related to the practice of pharmacy.

LAW 380. LAW AND MEDICINE. (2) Study of the principle organ systems, elementary pathology, toxicology and clinical psychiatry. Preparation and participation of medical witnesses. Hospital charts and records. Malpractice and interprofessional problems. Anatomical charts and various visual aids are employed in presentation of the course.

LAW 381. LEGAL ETHICS. (2) Duties of lawyers to courts and clients; ethical problems in actual practice; attitude toward the court and fellow members of the bar; unauthorized practice of law; canons of ethics to The American Bar Association.

LAW 383. GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS. (2)\* The examination of government contracts; other actual legal work assigned by the appropriate officer in charge at the U. S. Army Ordinance District. This course is open only to students recommended by the Dean of the Law School and accepted by the U. S. Army Ordinance District, Birmingham, Alabama. One hour of credit is given each semester for a period of two semesters. (Students taking this course may not take Law 385.)

LAW 385. LEGAL AID I. (1)\* The student works with the Director of Legal Aid of the Birmingham Bar Association and does assigned work with Legal Aid clients. This course is open to selected students and carries one hour credit per semester for a period of two semesters. (Students taking this course may not take Law 383.)

LAW 386. Legal Aid II. (1) Continuation of LAW 385.

LAW 390. JURISPRUDENCE. (3)\* A study of the judicial process; the principal schools of jurists; theories of the nature of law and the legal order; the problems of the science of law today and their application to the American social system. Law as normative order; the legal hierarchy; some theories of law; law and state; principles of justice.

LAW 391. PRACTICE (MOOT) COURT. (1) To become a lawyer, the student must learn the practical application of the rules of procedure; it is through the rules of that rights and obligations are enforced and protected; each student is required to conduct suits from the commencement to the final hearing; students act as attorneys, jurors, clerks and sheriffs.

LAW 392. PRACTICE (MOOT) COURT. (1) Continuation of LAW 391 with emphasis on Federal practice.

LAW 393. PRACTICE (MOOT) COURT. (1) Continuation of LAW 391 on the appellate level.

The foregoing courses are subject to change as the School of Law may deem expedient.

## LEGAL FRATERNITIES AND SORORITIES

Pi Chapter of Sigma Delta Kappa, chartered 1922 Beta Pi Chapter of Phi Delta Delta, chartered 1966 Grafton Green Senate of Delta Theta Phi, chartered 1948 Cordell Hull Chapter of Phi Alpha Delta, chartered 1949 Memory Leake Robinson Inn of Phi Delta Phi, chartered 1965

The purpose of these fraternal groups is to unite fraternally congenial students of law, to promote thorough legal scholarship, and to form a strong link between the School of Law, the students, the alumni, and members of the legal profession in general.

#### DAMES CLUB

The Dames Club is composed of wives of the faculty and students of the School of Law. The purpose of the club is to promote a friendly relationship among the students, faculty, and their families.

## STUDENT BAR ASSOCIATION

The Student Bar Association is the foundation of the student organization for the School of Law. It is comprised of officers elected by the student body and representatives elected by the different classes. Its purpose is to foster and promote student and school activities which tend to increase school spirit and work benefits for the student body and the University.

## THE CORDELL HULL LIBRARY

The Law Library contains a collection of over 36,000 volumes. The library is kept up to date by the constant addition of newly published books, current legal periodicals, and current loose-leaf services.

All of the published opinions of the courts of last resort of all the states of the United States, together with the reports of all the Federal Courts, and the intermediate Appellate Courts of the State of New York are found in the library. It contains over seventy complete sets of the leading legal periodicals, kept up-to-date, and current volumes of many other legal periodicals. It also contains federal and state codes, statutory materials, treatises, and textbooks. The library contains the National Reporter and Digest Systems Corpus Juris, Corpus Juris Secundum, Ruling Case Law, American

Jurisprudence, L. R. A., both original and new series, American Law Reports, Federal Cases, United States Reports, American Reports, American Decisions, American State Reports, English Ruling Cases, and British Ruling Cases. In addition, the library keeps a great collection of other standard law books, the English Reprint, and all later published cases, and the current Statutes Revised. Australian, New Zealand, Philippine, Canadian, Puerto Rican, African and other Common Law materials are available in complete sets and are kept current. Specialized sets such as Cox's Criminal Law Cases and Lloyd's List Law Reports have recently been acquired. A Mark VII Microcard Reader together with microcards of the complete briefs and records of the U. S. Supreme Court for several recent years are available.

## THE GREEN CHAIR OF LAW

In 1948 the Green Chair of Law was established in connection with the Second Century Program of development of Cumberland University while Cumberland was being operated under the auspices of the Tennessee Baptist Convention. This endowed Chair was named in honor of three men who rendered distinguished service to Cumberland University and to the State of Tennessee. These were Nathan Green; his son, Nathan Green, Junior; and the latter's son, Grafton Green. Nathan Green and Nathan Green, Junior, were professors in the School of Law. Grafton Green was an alumnus of the University, and took time from his arduous duties as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Tennessee to serve as special lecturer in the School of Law.

By action of the Board of Trustees in January, 1950, Judge Sam B. Gilreath was appointed Green Professor of Law. Judge Gilreath, a professor of law since 1932, was the first to receive the honor of appointment to this Chair.

#### HONORS

Candidates for the J.D. degree who, on the basis of their three-year's record in law school, are ranked in the top ten per cent scholastically of their graduating class may, upon proper recommendation of the faculty, be awarded degrees cum laude, magna cum laude, or summa cum laude. Students who have been admitted with advanced standing from other law schools must have maintained an over-all average grade of B on all transferred credit in order to be eligible for honors.

## NATIONAL MOOT COURT COMPETITION

The Young Lawyers Committee of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York annually sponsors a National Appellate Moot Court competition. Each year students representing the Cumberland School of Law compete in this event. The Regional competition is conducted each year in Atlanta during the month of November, and the final rounds are held in New York City in December. Awards are presented to the regional winners for best argument and best brief and likewise for the national winners. Those students of the Cumberland School of Law who participate have their names inscribed on a plaque which is prominently displayed in the law school building.

#### SCHOLARSHIP AND LOAN FUNDS

PROFESSOR CHESTER HOWARD SMITH SCHOLARSHIP AND LOAN FUND. Former Arizona studests who are graduates of the Cumberland School of Law of Samford University have established a fund in affectionate and respectful memory of Professor Chester Howard Smith, who devoted his life to the progress of law students and who was an outstanding Professor of Law at the University of Arizona College of Law. The fund at this time is used exclusively to provide USAF Loans rather than scholarships. Priority for loans under this fund will be given to Arizona applicants.

LAW DAMES SCHOLARSHIP AND LOAN FUND. This scholarship and loan fund was founded by the Cumberland School of Law Dames Club in 1966-67. This organization is composed of the wives of the students attending the Cumberland School of Law of Samford University. The fund makes available scholarships and loans for married students at the Law School.

Weldon B. White Scholarship and Loan Fund. This loan and scholarship fund was made possible by a generous donation from Judge Weldon B. White. Judge White is Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Tennessee and an alumnus of Cumberland. Priority for loans under this fund will be given to Tennessee applicants.

BAPTIST SENIOR COLLEGE SCHOLARSHIP. This scholarship was established to assist graduates from Baptist senior colleges to begin their professional legal training. Character and scholarship are the primary factors considered in choosing the recipient of this award. The successful applicant may receive tuition and fees for one academic year.

SCHOLARSHIP FOR GRADUATES FROM A COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY WITHIN THE STATE OF TENNESSEE. This scholarship was established to assist outstanding graduates of colleges and universities within the State of Tennessee. Character and scholarship are the primary factors considered in choosing the recipient of this award. The successful applicant may receive tuition and fees for one academic year,

SCHOLARSHIP FOR GRADUATES FROM A COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY WITHIN THE STATE OF ALABAMA. This scholarship was established to assist outstanding graduates of colleges and universities within this state. Character and scholarship are the primary factors considered in choosing the recipient of this award. The successful applicant may receive tuition and fees for one academic year.

ACADEMIC SCHOLARSHIPS. These scholarships are available to any applicant with sufficient character and scholarship and are filled on a competitive basis.

Application for these scholarships must be filed with the Dean of the Law School not later than May 30 and November 30. Scholarships are awarded for the academic year beginning with the Fall Semester and may be awarded for an academic year beginning with the Spring Semester.

#### MEDALS AND AWARDS

Lawyers Title Insurance Corporation Award. The Lawyers Title Insurance Corporation of Richmond, Virginia annually awards a prize of \$100 to the third year student demonstrating excellence in the study of Real Property law. The faculty will select, as the

recipient of the award, the third-year student having the highest over-all average in Real Property, Security Transactions, and Landlord and Tenant or Conveyancing, Taxes, Estate Planning, and other related property courses.

AMERICAN JURISPRUDENCE AWARD. The joint publishers of American Jurisprudence, Bancroft-Whitney Company, San Francisco, California, and The Lawyers Co-operative Publishing Company, Rochester, New York, award a specially bound title of American Jurisprudence to the student making the highest grade in each of a number of courses covered by titles of American Jurisprudence.

LITTLE, Brown & Company Award. Little, Brown & Company, Boston, Massachusetts, awards a copy of An Estate Planner's Handbook each year to the student making the highest combined average grade in the courses on Trusts and Wills and Administration of Estates.

THE NATHAN BURKAN MEMORIAL COMPETITION. The American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, in memory of Nathan Burkan, makes an annual award in invited schools to the senior student who prepares the best paper on the subject of Copyright Law. The winning paper within the law school is awarded \$250 by the Society and there is a second place award of \$100. The national winner receives a first-place award in the sum of \$1,000.

THE BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY, INC., AWARD. An award of Volume One of the Tennessee Code Annotated, containing the Federal and State of Tennessee constitutions, annotations and Court Rules, is awarded annually to the senior student with the highest three-year average who intends to practice in Tennessee. This award is made by the Bobbs-Merrill Company, Inc., Indianopolis, Indiana, publishers of the official Tennessee

In addition, The Bobbs-Merrill Company, Inc., annually awards a copy of Clark on Trusts to the freshman student with the highest average in the regular examinations during the freshman year.

W. H. Anderson Company Award. The W. H. Anderson Company, Cincinnati, Ohio, annually awards a copy of Steam's Law of Suretyship, revised by James L. Elder, to the student receiving the highest grade in the course of Suretyship.

AMERICAN LAW BOOK COMPANY AWARDS. The American Law Book Company, St. Paul, Minnesota, annually awards volumes for achievement in certain designated courses.

FOUNDATION PRESS, Inc., AWARD. The Foundation Press, Inc., Brooklyn, New York, awards a copy of Lattin on Corporations to the student receiving the highest grade in the course on Federal Procedure.

THE UNITED STATES LAW WEEK AWARD. The Bureau of National Affairs, Inc. gives a one-year subscription to LAW WEEK magazine to the senior student having the highest scholastic average.

#### NATIONAL LEGAL WRITING CONTESTS

In addition to the above prizes and awards, there are many national legal writing contests available to the law student. The Cumberland Law student is urged to participate in any of these contests which may appeal to his particular interest or be on a subject in his area of study. The Jerry Geisler National Legal Writing Contest for 1964-65 sponsored by the Sigma Delta Kappa Fraternity was won by a Cumberland student and the national legal writing contest jointly sponsored by the Personal Finance Section of the American Bar Association and American Law Student Association was won by a Cumberland student for 1964-65. The Geisler Award is a minimum of \$200 and the American Law Student Association Award amounts to over \$400 for the national winner. Alfred Benjamin Strand, Cumberland law student, won 3rd place in the National Grange Legal Writing Contest for 1966 for a total of over \$400.00 in prize money.

#### RIGHTS RESERVED

The Law School reserves the right to modify the requirements for admission and graduation, to change the arrangement or content of courses, to change the casebooks used, to alter any regulation affecting the student body, and to dismiss or drop from the School any student at any time, if it is deemed in the best interest of the School or the student to do so.

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Many of the thousands of graduates of the Cumberland School of Law have become distinguished in their chosen profession or in some related field, as indicated in the partial list given below.

This list is by no means complete. Any alumnus or friend who can furnish additional names is urged to do so. The list does not contain the names of judges of local or county courts, unless such alumni are distinguished in some other respect.

- Abernathy, A. J., Chancellor, Tennessee
- Abernethy, Thomas G., Member of Congress, Mississippi
- \*Acklen, J. H., Member of Congress, Louisiana
- Adams, Hal W., Judge, Florida
- \*Adkins, A. Z., Judge, Florida
- \*Allen, A. C., Judge, Texas
- \*Allen, Ben, Attorney General, Circuit Judge, Tennessee
- Allen, Bruce, Assistant Attorney General, Texas
- Allen, George E., former Director of R.F.C., Washington, D. C.
- Allen, "Private" John, Member of Congress, Mississippi
- Allen, M. O., Commissioner of Insurance and Banking, Tennessee
- \*Allred, James V., Attorney General, Governor, U. S. District Judge, Texas Almon, Reneau P., Judge, Alabama
- \*Anderson, George, Judge, Mississippi
- \*Anderson, Hugh C., Chief Justice, Presiding Judge, Tennessee
- \*Anderson, R. S., Judge, Texas
- Anderson, Walter H., Attorney and Author, Idaho
- \*Andrews, W. H., Judge, Texas Arakawa, S., Professor, Imperial University, Japan
- Armstrong, O. K., Member of Congress, Missouri
- Arnett, George T., Judge, Oklahoma \*Askew, John C., Judge, Tennessee
- \*Atchison, Bryan H., Judge, Texas
- \*Atkinson, Richard M., Attorney General, Member of Congress, Tennessee
- \*Aust, John R., Chancellor, Tennessee
- Avery, J. B., Railroad and Public Utilities Commission, Judge Court of Appeals Tennessee
- Bailey, Joseph W., U. S. Senator, Texas
- Baird, William D., Lieut.-Governor, Tennessee Barber, Evon M., District Attorney, New Mexico
- Barlow, E. C., District Attorney General, Mississippi
- Barry, William F., Solicitor General, Tennessee
- Bate, William B., U. S. Senator, Tennessee
- Battle, B. B., Supreme Judge, Arkansas
- Beard, William D., Chief Justice Supreme Court, Tennessee Beaumont, Campbell, U. S. District Judge, California
- Beck, Harold, District Judge, Texas
- Been, Elzo, District Judge, Texas
- Bell, B. D., Supreme Judge, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.

 Bennett, Rysden Tyler, Judge Supreme Court and Member of Congress, North Carolina

Benton, M. E., Member of Congress, Missouri

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Bigham, Knox G., District Attorney General, Chancellor, Tennessee Black, Eugene, Member of Congress, Texas, Judge U. S. Tax Court

Black, J. R., District Judge, Texas

Blackard, Charles G., Judge, Part II, Davidson County, Tennessee Blackburn, George P., Judge and Attorney General, Texas

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Browning, Gordon, Member of Congress, Governor, Tennessee

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\*Caldwell, W. C., Judge, Supreme Court, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.

<sup>\*</sup>Caldwell, W. P., Member of Congress, Tennessee

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<sup>\*</sup>Cameron, Benjamin F., Judge U. S. Court of Appeals, 5th Circuit, Mississippi

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Campbell, Raymond C., Judge, Tennessee

Campbell, Alex W., General, Confederate Army, Tennessee

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Chattin, Chester Coles, Judge, Tennessee

Cherry, Lyle B., Judge, Tennessee

Childers, Marx, Presiding Judge, State Industrial Court of Oklahoma

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<sup>\*</sup>Clark, J. W., Supreme Judge, Oklahoma

<sup>\*</sup>Clark, Sydney R., Judge, Court of Civil Appeals, Tennessee

Clements, Judson, U. S. Commerce Commission

Clemmons, W. F., Member of Congress, Arkansas

<sup>Clint, Charles P., Judge, Texas
Clouse, Wynn F., Member of Congress, Tennessee</sup> 

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Compton, James C., District Attorney, Justice of State Supreme Court, New Mexico

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Cooper, John S., Chancellor, Tennessee

Cox, John C., Counsel, Federal Security Agency, Missouri

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Cox, Wayne A., Chancellor, Tennessee

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Crowe, Guthrie F., U. S. District Judge, Ancon, Canal Zone

Cummings, James, Secretary of State, Tennessee

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Davis, Jefferson, General Counsel, Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Co. Davis, J. C., Jr., Assistant Attorney General, Texas

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Daugherty, Fred, U. S. District Judge, Oklahoma

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Garrett, Claude W., Judge, Oklahoma

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\*Gill, H. H., Judge, Court of Civil Appeals, Texas

\*Gill, W. H., Judge, Texas

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\*Golladay, E. I., Member of Congress, Tennessee

Goodman, Thomas H., Judge, Tennessee

\*Goodnight, I. H., Member of Congress, Judge, Kentucky

OGore, T. P., United States Senator, Oklahoma

Gray, William Francis, U. S. District Judge, Tennessee

\*Green, Grafton, Chief Justice, Tennessee

•Green, Grant, Judge, Arkansas

Green, Nathan, Jr., Professor of Law, Cumberland University, 63 years, Chancellor 33 years

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<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.

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<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.

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<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.

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Swank, F. B., Member of Congress, Oklahoma

<sup>\*</sup> Deceased.

<sup>\*</sup>Swayne, James W., Judge, Texas

<sup>\*</sup>Swiggart, W. H., Judge, Tennessee

Swiggart, W. H., Jr., Supreme Judge, Vice-President Louisville and Nashville Railway

<sup>\*</sup>Swindall, Charles, Supreme Judge, Oklahoma

<sup>\*</sup>Taliaferro, W. G., Judge, Texas

<sup>\*</sup>Talley, M. B., Judge, Texas

<sup>\*</sup>Tarvey, B. J., Chancellor, Tennessee

Tate, J. H., District Judge, Texas

Tatelman, Edward, Judge, Canal Zone

Taylor, Andrew T., Chairman, Railroad and Public Utilities Commission, Circuit Judge, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Taylor, J. M., Judge, Chancery Court of Appeals, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup> Taylor, J. Will, Member of Congress, Tennessee

Taylor, Warren W., Judge, Alaska

<sup>\*</sup>Taylor, Zach, Member of Congress, Tennessee

Tauriello, Anthony F., Member of Congress, New York

Temple, Arlo, Judge, Mississippi

Templeton, John, District Attorney General, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Terrell, Glenn, Supreme Judge, Florida

Thagard, T. Werth, Judge, Second Circuit of Alabama

Thompson, Lillard, Attorney General and Counsel for Tennessee Central Railroad, Tennessee

Threet, Martin A., Judge, Supreme Court, New Mexico

<sup>\*</sup>Tilman, J. T., Minister to Ecuador

<sup>\*</sup>Trammell, Park, United States Senator, Florida

<sup>\*</sup>Trammell, Worth, Judge, Florida

<sup>\*</sup>Turner, W. B., Judge, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Turner, W. F., Member of Congress, Tennessee

Turner, W. H., Judge, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Valiant, L. B., Chief Justice, Missouri

<sup>\*</sup>Vaught, Edgar S., Federal Judge, Oklahoma

<sup>\*</sup>Venable, W. W., Member of Congress, Mississippi

Vines, D. A., Judge, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Walker, Seth M., General Counsel, N.C.&St.L. Railway, Tennessee

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<sup>\*</sup>Ward, W. E., founder Ward-Belmont College, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Warner, Richard, Member of Congress, Tennessee

Warren, Fuller, Governor, Florida

<sup>\*</sup>Warren, Joseph E., Judge, Kentucky

Watkins, George, Attorney General, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Watkins, John Thomas, Member of Congress, Louisiana

Wear, Sam M., United States District Attorney, Missouri Wells, Rainey T., Judge, Kentucky

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West, Raphael Ben, Mayor, Nashville, Tennessee

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White, Weldon B., Judge, Supreme Court, Tennessee

<sup>\*</sup>Whitesides, William W., Judge, Alabama

Whitten, French O., Judge, Alabama

<sup>\*</sup>Whitfield, T. E., General, Confederate Army

<sup>\*</sup> Deceased.

Williams, Albert, Judge, Counsel for Railroad Commission, Special Judge, Supreme Court, Tennessee

\*Williams, Robert B., Judge, Tennessee Williams, Sam, District Judge, Texas

\*Williamson, William H., Judge, Tennessee

\*Wilson, S.F., Court of Chancery Appeals, Tennessee Witt, R. Beecher, District Attorney General, Tennessee

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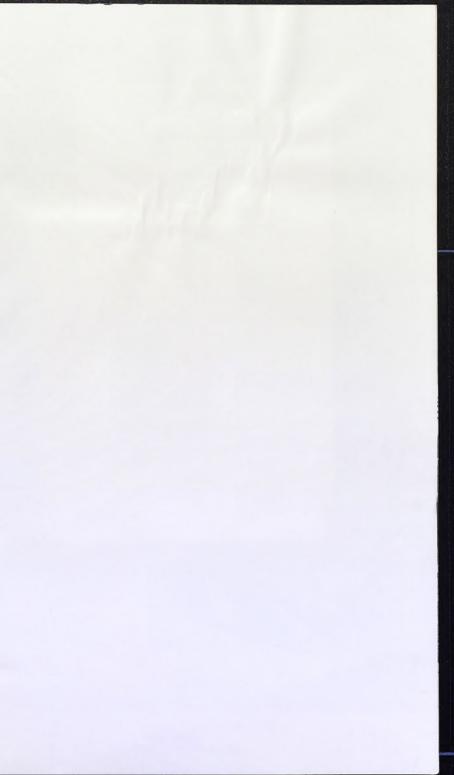
•Woods, Levi S., Judge, Tennessee

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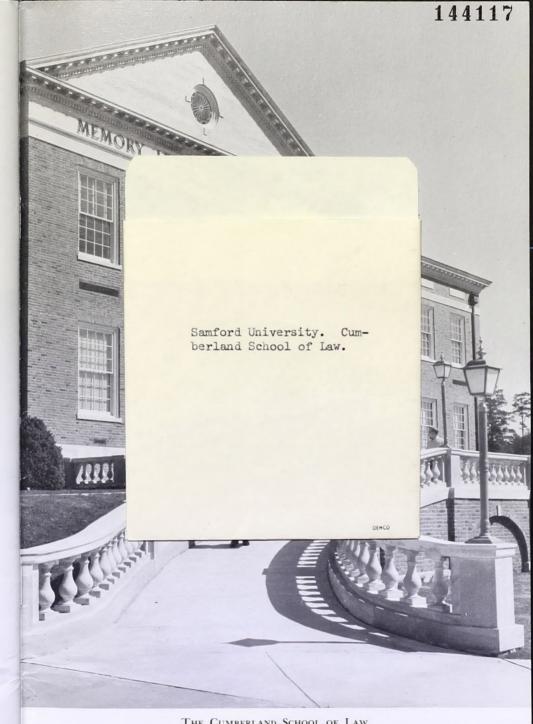


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